

ENVI-TRAN vote on a Regulation for Clean Corporate Vehicles

A new T&E study shows that Member State targets, combined with limiting national financial support to electric Made-in-Europe company cars, would bring 344,000 additional jobs and €18 billion in extra investment to Europe's economy and automotive industry by 2030. Therefore, we encourage MEPs to pay special attention to the following ahead of the vote:

1. Binding targets

- a. **The problem:** Without binding targets, corporate fleet electrification could continue at a slower pace than private households, meaning 'business-as-usual'. Corporate fleets represent 60% of new car registrations and a disproportionate amount of emissions due to their higher mileage.
- b. **T&E recommendation:**
 - i. Keep binding national targets, with full flexibility for Member States on how to meet them. SMEs remain shielded from any requirements.
 - ii. Exclude PHEVs from the targets.

2. End financial support to fossil fuel company cars

- a. **The problem:** In the five biggest EU countries alone, subsidies for petrol and diesel company cars cost taxpayers €42 billion every year. Taxpayers' money is contributing to continued oil dependence, instead of ensuring clean and affordable mobility for all.
- b. **T&E recommendation:**
 - i. Safeguard Article 4: no more public money for petrol and diesel company cars.
 - ii. Keep the January 2028 start date, with no delay.
 - iii. Make sure "financial support" covers not only purchase subsidies, but all company car tax benefits: benefit-in-kind, depreciation write-offs, VAT deductions and fuel cards.
 - iv. Limit support to zero-emission vehicles only, excluding PHEVs.

3. Keep strong "Made-in-EU" criteria

- a. **The problem:** Without strict Made-in-EU conditions, national tax money will subsidise imported EVs instead of European jobs. Watering down these requirements would remove the incentive for carmakers to localise production.
- b. **T&E recommendation:**
 - i. Safeguard Article 4: Keep the Made-in-EU condition on all national financial support for corporate cars and vans.
 - ii. Do not delay its entry into force beyond January 2028.